Recommendation Text:

For all waterflood stations where the potential exists to expose workers to H2S concentrations at or above 10 ppm, commission an independent and comprehensive analysis of each facility design vis-à-vis ventilation and mitigation systems to ensure that, in the event of an accidental release, workers are protected from exposure to toxic gas levels.

Board Status Change Decision:

A. Rationale for Recommendation

On October 26, 2019, an Aghorn Operating Inc. (Aghorn) employee responded to a pump oil level alarm at Aghorn’s Foster D waterflood station in Odessa, Texas. In response to the alarm the employee worked to isolate the pump. He closed the pump’s discharge valve but only partially closed the pump’s suction valve. At some point on the night of the incident, the pump automatically turned on and water containing hydrogen sulfide (H2S), a toxic gas, was discharged from the pump. The employee was fatally injured from his exposure to the H2S. Subsequently, the spouse of the employee gained access to the waterflood station and searched for her husband. During her search efforts, she was also exposed to the released H2S and was fatally injured.

The U.S. Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board (CSB) investigated the incident and found that the employee was not wearing his personal H2S detection device and there was no evidence that Aghorn management required the use of these devices. Additionally, the CSB found that the ventilation system in the waterflood station was a causal factor allowing the exposure of the worker to H2S. As a result of these findings, the CSB issued seven recommendations to Aghorn. This status change summary addresses CSB Recommendation No. 2020-01-I-TX-R3.