Develop a formalized troubleshooting guide and/or standard operating procedure for the usage of resin and fiberglass matting in FRP [fiber-reinforced plastic] operations. The procedure should direct employees on acceptable means of addressing cold-weather resin performance.

Board Status Change Decision:

A. Rationale for Recommendation

On September 21, 2020, a paper mill operated by Evergreen Packaging (Evergreen) in Canton, North Carolina, was undergoing a planned shutdown, and associated maintenance and capital project work was ongoing throughout the facility. In one of Evergreen’s pulp bleaching units, two contract companies were performing simultaneous maintenance work inside two connected process vessels, called an “upflow tower” and a “downflow tower,” when a fire started inside the upflow tower after an electric heat gun, which was being used to warm resin, fell into a five-gallon bucket containing the flammable resin. The fire fatally injured two contractors.

The U.S. Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board (CSB) investigated the incident and found that the workers did not recognize or control the ignition hazard presented by the electric heat gun. The CSB found that one of the contractors, Universal Blastco (Blastco), did not conduct effective pre-job planning, such as considering the potential for poor performance of the resin in cold temperatures and identifying solutions to avoid or correct the problem. The CSB concluded that to assist with pre-job planning efforts, a Blastco troubleshooting guide or standard operating procedure addressing resin gel time could help prevent a similar incident in the future.

As a result of the investigation, the CSB issued three new recommendations to Blastco. This status change summary pertains to CSB Recommendation No. 2020-07-I-NC-R7.